

Exploring the student's interaction with augmented reality and their relationship to learning achievement

Danakorn Nincarean Eh Phon¹, Mohd Hishamuddin Abd Rahman², Suhaizal Hashim³, Nurul Farhana Jumaat⁴, Wan Isni Sofiah Wan Din⁵, Salwana Mohamad @ Asmara⁶

^{1,5,6} Faculty of Computer Systems & Software Engineering, Universiti Malaysia Pahang, Malaysia

² Faculty of Art, Computing & Creative Industry, Universiti Pendidikan Sultan Idris, Malaysia

³ Faculty of Technical and Vocational Education, Universiti Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia, Malaysia

⁴ Faculty of Social Science and Humanities, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia
danakorn@ump.edu.my

ABSTRACT

Augmented Reality (AR) is one of the latest technology that has grown significantly due to its effectiveness in various fields include in education field. AR can be defined as a technology where virtual object can be overlaid into real environment in real time. AR can serve as an effective tool to ensure the learning process more attractive and engage the student. However, previous studies on AR have not provided an in-depth investigation of the learning process, especially the interaction involved in student while they use an AR. Therefore, this study aimed to determine the student interaction and their performance in subject content, and their relationship between them while using AR. A quantitative research design was employed with 34 grade 5 elementary school students as respondents. The results of the content analysis towards student interaction with the AR demonstrates that turning the AR markers, inspecting the AR elements and commenting on the AR elements are recorded as the highest number of interactions compared to others. Results from a Spearman correlation analysis show that there are six interactions that have significant correlations with achievement in science among the students with the correlation direction of each relationship is positive.

KEYWORDS

Augmented reality; Interaction; Mixed reality

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The authors would like to thank the Universiti Malaysia Pahang (UMP) for the support in making this project possible. This work was supported by RDU Grant Vot No. RDU180361 initiated by UMP.